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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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An Essay on Congressmen.

One of the funniest things in life is to note the swell that sets in on a member of Congress. The swollen period comes upon a member after he has been a few months in his seat, and has come to wonder how he got there.

Congressmen form a mutual admiration society. They may quarrel among themselves intensely and severally, but, after all, it is a wonderful thing to be a member. Each member aids in enlarging the other members in their own minds, and the development becomes gigantic.

The frugal slaughter that occurs once in two years restores the disturbed equilibrium, but the people at large have no idea of the agony that is inflicted. The Red Slayers in this may think they slay, and not take much about it, but the slain know full well they are sinning, and moan and weep and want to come again.

July 2.—Spent the forenoon exploring to the northwest for right of way for new equatorial and North Pole railroad that I think would be of immense value to commerce. The grade is easy and the expense would be slight. Ate my last dog to day. Had intended him for the 4th, but got so hungry and ate him raw, with vinegar. I wish I was at home eating Boomerang paste.

July 3.—We had quite a frost last night, and it looks this morning as though the corn and small fruits must have suffered. It is now two weeks since the last of the crew died and left me alone. Ate the leather ends of my suspenders to day for dinner. I did not need the suspenders anyway, for by tightening up my pants I find they will stay on all right, and I don't look for any ladies to call, so that even if my pants come off by some oversight or other nobody would be shocked.

July 4.—Saved up some roofing and a bottle of mescal for my Fourth of July dinner and gorged myself to-day. The exercises were very poorly attended and the celebration rather a failure. It is clouding in the west and I'm afraid we're going to have snow. Seems to me we're having an all-fired late spring here this year.

July 5.—Didn't drink a drop yesterday. It was the quietest Fourth I ever put in. I never feel so little remorse over the way I celebrated as I do to-day. I didn't do a thing yesterday that I was ashamed of, except to eat the remainder of a box of shoe-blacking for supper. To day I ate my last boot-heel, stewed. Looks as though we might have a hard winter.

July 6.—Ate a pound of cotton waste soaked in machine oil today. There is nothing left for to-morrow but ice water and an old pocket book for dinner. Looks as though we might have snow.

July 7.—This is a good cool place to spend the summer if provisions were more plenty. I am wearing a seal-skin undershirt with three woolen overskirts and two bear skin vests to-day, and when the dew begins to fall I have to put on my Buffalo under to keep off the night air. I wish I was at home. It seems pretty lonesome here since the other boys died. I do not know what I will get for dinner to-morrow, unless the neighbors bring in something. A big bear is coming down the hatcheday as I write. I wish I could eat him. It would be the first square meal for two months. It is, however, a little mixed whether I will eat him or he eat me. It will be a cold day for me if he—" * * *

Here the diary breaks off abruptly, and from the chewed up appearance of the book, we are led to entertain a horrible fear as to his safety. —[Laramie (Wyoming) Boomerang.]

Easy Comes Easy Goes.

The finder of hidden treasure, the heir to unclaimed estates, the land owner who "strikes oil," the holder of the prize ticket in the lottery, or any other son of Adam who finds his pockets full of unearned dollars, is in a position of peril all the more dangerous for the reason that it is unknown and unthought of. An honest shoemaker of our acquaintance, who made a good living for himself and family by plowing his trade, a year ago received \$1,600 arrears of pension money. He was a sober man with no vicious appetite to gratify; but he bought his wife diamond ear-rings, his daughter a piano, and set himself up as a shoe merchant instead of a shoemaker. The sheriff sold the poor fellow out last week. His debts will follow him for years. This man is the type of thousands of his fellows. —[Philadelphia, Pa.]

The length of the Suez Canal is ninety-nine miles and seven hundred and forty-one yards, and the distance from Suez to Cairo is not quite seven miles.

As Others See Us.

Mr. O. Thomas, of the Somerset Republican, who was here with the Base Ball club of that town recently, writes as follows in his paper:

"Stanford, the county seat of Lincoln, is a pleasant town of about sixteen hundred inhabitants, situated on the L. & N. R. R., and surrounded by a fine agricultural country. The town itself has fine hotels, splendid business houses, good educational facilities, and last but not least, a good semi-weekly newspaper, edited by W. P. Walton, who, notwithstanding his democratic proclivities, is a genial gentleman, and well liked by the people at large. The county is in the enjoyment of good, well-kept turnpikes, trimly cultivated farms, and is one of the best regulated and prosperous counties in the whole State of Kentucky. It is in this highly favored county, bordering the pike that connects McKinney Station and Stanford, that Pink Cottage, the celebrated fair-easy resort of George O. Barnes' fame, is located. The resort itself is simply a collection of modest pink-tinted cottages, situated in the midst of a fine grove of trees, and surrounded on all sides by Nature, clad in her most captivating garb of vernal loveliness. Laying the virtues of the faith cure doctrine aside, the pure, invigorating air, healthful influence, and calm beauty of this peaceful spot are sufficient remedies to rejuvenate the most debilitated, and to these influences, more than any others, we opine, are due the marvelous cures that have given Pink Cottage its celebrity.

For Kentuckians Only.

The old style gallows speeches are unsuited to Kentuckians. For the benefit of white Kentuckians we here give a speech which is more appropriate. We do this to supply a long felt want:

"Ladies and gentlemen: The indications are that I am about to leave you; but before going I desire to return my warmest thanks to you for this evidence of your esteem to a true Kentuckian who has brought down his man. Even the great Napoleon, when he left his sunny France, had not half the audience that I have. I consider your large attendance as an immense tribute to a gallant brother, and a popular favorite. I also thank these kind officials for permitting me to leave you with my boots on, and in order to secure a boat to suit him, purchased out outright that the girl might enjoy a sail on the lake. Though they waited upon the piazza until after midnight, they were up with the lark to carry on what the guess thought to be the fastest lovemaking on record. But Psyche's wings were to be singed ere midday, and Cupid was to tread upon a thorn at exactly 12:30. At that time the train from Milwaukee brought an excited nation, who arrived just in time to prevent the marriage of the lovers. The unsuspecting doves were getting into a barouche to drive to the parson's when the girl's mother came down upon them like an Iowa eye-owl. A friend had telegraphed to mama on the evening of the dashing courtship, and she hurried to Oconomowoc by the first train. That afternoon firm mother and sobbing daughter boarded a car for home while the ranchero stood upon the platform and blew a kiss and a cloud of cigarette smoke in their wake. —[State Journal.]

GERMS OF DISEASE.—In the case of diseases such as typhoid, which attack the stomach, disease germs are removed along with the excreta, and it is often the case, the drainage of the town flows into a river, and that river is used in some after portion of its course as the water supply of any town near its banks, there is great danger of disease being communicated by the water which we drink; for however well it may be purified and filtered, we have no guarantee that it will contain none of these germs, which we have seen are so small that they pass through the finest filters. It is in this way that almost all the great cholera and typhoid epidemics have spread.

"Well, I tell you, I am out of politics. I care nothing for them any more. After each campaign I resolve to make no more speeches, and this time I mean it. I hope I never shall make a political speech again. There is no principle to fight for. The democrats are doing all they can to hide their past, and the republicans never tire of reading their epitaph. The democrats are ashamed of their record, and the republicans say, 'We were so good then that everybody should vote for us now.' It will be difficult to find a dividing line in the next election." —[Pittsburg Dispatch.]

Truck farming has increased to an enormous extent in North Carolina. Ambrose Lindley, who lives on the coast near the south Carolina line, sold \$80,000 worth of potatoes last year. Other farmers are making large sums of money out of this and other truck crop. The discovery is being made that it does not pay to devote the land to the production of a single crop like tobacco or cotton, year after year.

Eleven schoolboys of Genesee walked to Niagara Falls August 4, 1832, and agreed to meet there again, if living fifty years. On Friday, the 4th inst., seven of them fulfilled the promise, taking with them their wives and children.

Value of a Railroad Train.

We have any conception of the money value of an express train. The handsome locomotive and elegant cars are admired as the train comes puffing into the depot, but when seen from the point of view furnished by the Hartford Courant, this spectator is astonished at the responsibility placed in the hands of an engineer, fireman, conductor and brakeman.

A railroad official, the other day, gave some interesting figures as to the midday express from New York, which was a fair representation of the fast express trains on the consolidated road.

There were an engine, tender and eight cars. The engine and tender, which are considered together, were valued at \$10,000; the baggage car, \$1,000; the postal car, \$2,000; smoking car, \$5,000; the two ordinary passenger cars, \$6,000 each, and the three palace cars, \$15,000 each; total, \$83,000.

The palace cars put down at \$15,000, are, in many cases, worth \$18,000. These cars came into use soon after the sleeping coaches, the first being used in 1863. In some instances these cars have cost as high as \$25,000 and \$30,000, where the interior workmanship was very elaborate.

From the figures given, it will be seen that a comfortable dwelling may be built for the cost of an ordinary passenger car, and that the money expended for a palace coach would erect a very handsome brick, or brown stone front residence.

How He Got Even With Him.

"Dot vas a mean man which went shoot now der door oud," said Mose Furlinno to a friend who had dropped into his store.

"Why so?" inquired the friend.

"He insult me mit my own store."

"Well, what did he say?"

"He say dot bill of bants make goat miluek strainers mid a cheese factory."

"Why didn't you talk back to him?"

"V'y didn't I? Bed your poos I did."

"What did you say?"

"Vat did I zay? I told him to come to hell."

HYDRO RHOMIA CURE.—There are three French physicians in New York who have a remedy for hydrocephalus which they claim to be infallible, and which consists in throwing the body into such perspiration that the poison will be forced out of the system through the pores of the skin. They are so confident of its value that either one of them agrees to be bitten by a mad dog and undergo treatment by his associates, in order to prove its efficacy, provided a pecuniary reward is offered by the Government or by individuals for the test. But there are opportunities enough to test the remedy without making a case.

Peek's Son tells of a mischievous Milwaukee boy who, just before the return of his mother from a summer resort, filled his father's room with feminine apparel. The boy says: "I slipped up staircase, and looked over the banisters. Ma said something about heaven and earth, and where is the buzzzy, and a lot of things I couldn't hear; and pa swore, and said it's no such a thug, and the door slammed, and they talked for two hours."

The annual consumption of quinine in this country is stated at 1,000,000 ounces. An expert before the tariff commission says the retail druggists realize from \$1.55 to \$5.75 profit from every ounce sold. At that rate the retail druggists' profits from the one article of quinine are between \$7,250,000 and \$10,800,000 annually.

The result of a Southern duel depends a great deal upon the locality, it would appear. In Virginia, as a general thing, the combatants return from the field of honor to a wise supper. That isn't the way in Kentucky. There both men generally return full of buckshot, and with no appetite to speak of. —[Pittsburg Dispatch.]

A stand of corn from Texas, nine feet eleven inches high, was recently exhibited at the Chicago Board of Trade building. A letter accompanying it says that the Texas corn crop will be about one hundred and forty million bushels this year, against seventy million in 1880, and twenty-three millions in 1881.

Excessive rain has greatly injured the crops of Great Britain, and the *Pall Mall Gazette* confesses that "the foreigners must supply us with nearly half our food." The damage to British crops was less severe than in 1880, and it has been serious.

Tell me, ye winged winds—

I ask them to stop—

Free from man's reign,

Or tiger's burning pain?

The winged winds all shrank as if with chillis,

And such produced a lot of pillars.

—[New York Sun.]

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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

STANFORD, KY.
Friday Morning, - August 25, 1882

W. P. WALTON. - EDITOR

It is said that preacher's sons are generally the worst boys that are raised, due no doubt to the fact that their parents overdo the matter in attempting to train them in the nurture and admonition of the Lord. A case in point has just occurred at Harrisville, O. Pastor Love, of the Presbyterian Church, had raised his two sons to the ages of 12 and 14, with a religious rigor hardly surpassed and thought he had them in beautiful training for the sweet here-and-here. But the boys had got hold of a dime novel or two and read of the remarkable adventures of youthful highway and other robbers, and they determined to try their hand at the business themselves. They selected their father as the victim and discovering that he had recently come into the possession of \$5,000 they chloroformed and relieved him of it. They were caught after several days but had gotten rid of a considerable portion of their ill-gotten wealth. It is told that a flogging was administered to them on that peculiar portion of the body which will make it exceedingly unpleasant for them to sit down much before next Christmas, even when they go to Church and Sunday-school.

By a provision of the law recently enacted for the extension of National Bank charters, a very unjust discrimination is made in favor of banks having a large capital against those having less; as by it a bank whose capital is over \$150,000 is entitled to receive circulation to the full amount of the par value of the bonds deposited, whereas, a bank whose capital is \$150,000 or less, can only get in circulating notes 90 per cent. of the par value of bonds deposited—a discrimination of 10 per cent. in favor of the big ones. Thus, all legislation on finance continues to be, as it has ever been, shaped to the advantage of the pecuniarily great in this country. It is the same old cunning game which was played when the silver dollar was demonetized in 1873; and we may expect to hear our representatives in Congress offering the same specious excuse for their action which was offered in that case, namely, that they were deceived and did not know the effect of the bill when they voted for it, which in plain English, is pleading the "baby act."

It won't do always to fool around a preacher under the impression that he can stand every thing without resorting to physical self defense, notwithstanding he is supposed to turn the other cheek, when one is slapped. Down in Memphis, last Sunday, a member who had been excommunicated for some offense, attempted to whip the pastor, Rev. J. P. Jay, when he refused to allow him to participate in the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. The attempt, we are glad to chronicle, was an ignominious failure, for the man of God waded in and soon had the illigent ex-brother en route to his home on a shutter, while every body with one accord, agreed that he had been served just exactly as he deserved.

Will some body please rise and explain where Mr. W. O. Bradley gets Hon. and Col. from that the papers are so fond of putting before his name? He is an honorable man, we know, but he has held no office that entitles him to that distinction and as for Col. he isn't even a Governor's appointee. We do not say this in any disparagement of Mr. Bradley, for we really believe that the man with out title in these degenerate days is more to be respected than he who counts them by the half a dozen or so.

Owing to the condition of his eyes, which have become so much worse recently as to create apprehensions of total blindness, Hon. James A. McKenzie has decided not to make the race for Congress in the Hopkinsville District. He has made a good member and there are many people outside of his own district, who will regret the misfortune that causes this determination.

Returns from 92 counties show that 80,441 votes were cast for the school tax and 74,273 against it. This insures its adoption, but we are surprised that the majority is so small in its favor, and we regret to see so great a disposition to do the unfair thing toward those whom we should seek to elevate by all the assistance in our power.

JUDGE JOHN E. HALSEY, of Bowling Green, was no doubt nominated at Frankfort for Congress in the Third District yesterday, as he had five votes more than enough instructed to him. This is one of the closest districts in the State and the Judge will not have a walk-over by any means.

UNDER the new apportionment it will take 206 votes to nominate a president in 1884 instead of 185 as has been the number for ten years. The Atlanta Constitution in reviewing the matter says: "The sixteen Southern States, including Virginia and Delaware, will cast 153 votes. If Readjusterism and a confused condition of things generally should deprive the democrats of Virginia, and if immigration and the colored vote can, as it is claimed, take Delaware out of the democratic column, the once solid South will be able to cast only 138 votes for the democratic nominees. This is about the worst phase the Southern vote can reasonably be expected to take; and for prudence's sake we therefore assume that the South is good for only 138 votes. In that case the Northern States must furnish sixty-eight more to bring the democratic party into power again. California, Indiana, Nevada, New Jersey and New York will cast 71 votes, or just about enough to insure a democratic victory. But what assurance have we that all these States can be carried in the teeth of the patronage and results of various assessments that are at the command of the republican party?"

RETURNS from all the counties give Henry a majority of 41,869 over Cobb. Considering that this is an off year; that his opponent was so true a gentleman and heretofore so good a democrat and that Henry was in a measure handicapped by his Louisville escapade, the result is even better than his most sanguine friends even hoped or expected. It is a deadener on independent candidates, and "movements" of that kind will be few and far between in the future. Compared with the Blackburn majorities in 1879, the difference is only 2,048, and but 893 less than Hancock's majority in 1880. Kentucky is still democratic to the core and our republican friends will please not forget it, when they go to prating about their party carrying it within a few years. The thing can not and never will be done.

A Georgia colored man writes the New York Sun that the object of the colored republicans in putting a separate State ticket in the field in Georgia, is "to break up the gang," meaning the republican party of Georgia at present officiated. This brother concludes as follows: "I believe the colored men of the South will vote the straight democratic ticket in 1884, unless the republicans make some effort to pay back the money out of which they availed us in the Freedman's bank operation. Until that money is paid back, they must never expect any favors from us." Brethren, there is daylight ahead. When the colored folks go back on the rotten republican party therer will be a new order of things cert.—[Ex.]

THE action of Judge Hargis in the Nicholas county democratic Convention last Monday, was, considering the elevated judicial position he occupies, disgraceful to himself and the State. It is said "he stood on the stand in the convention, wildly waving his hat and yelling" for his favorite candidate. We believe such conduct on the part of a high judicial officer has no parallel in the history of the State, and it is to be hoped it never will be supplemented. Nothing more degrading to the Judiciary could happen. [Cov. Com.]

ALABAMA seems to cling to the good old democratic faith with commendable pertinacity. At the recent State election, the official majority is 57,037 while the new legislature will stand, Senate—democrats, 31, and opposition, 2. The House—democrats, 79; opposition, 21. Of the latter 8 are republicans, 4 greenbacks, and 9 independent democrats.

The successor of Senator Ben Hill is being discussed with Gov. Colquitt and A. H. Stephen as the favorites.

The latter however, says: I have been nominated for the governorship of Georgia, and expect to be elected. If I am elected I shall understand that the people who elected me want me to be their governor. Besides, I have no ambition to be a senator.

THE Chairman of the Congressional Committee of this district has called a meeting of the committee at Dauville, Thursday, Aug. 31, at 2 p. m. to determine the most available point and time for holding a convention to nominate a democratic candidate for Congress for the Eighth Congressional district.

PROCTOR KNOTT is getting in his work. He has just given the Salem College at Garnettville, a library of 300 volumes besides map of the States and territories that is spoken of as the best and largest extant.

JUDGE LEWIS' majority for Appellate Judge over Russell is 6,630. He carried 17 of the 21 counties. Another ballot is thus laid low for all time to come.

A LOUISVILLE Post correspondent referred to the Blackburn-Owens contest while talking to Gov. Blackburn, when that dirty mouthed old heathen white with rage said: "Well, Owens is a low-bred, vain, impudent blatherskite, who has not sense enough to make a decent constable. The idea of his reflecting upon my administration, and attempting to hold 'Joe' responsible for my government of affairs, is both contemptible and ridiculous. My impression is that Owens wants a personal difficulty with his opponent, and if he continues his abuse of him, at the right time he will get it." Luke should remember his recent confession and "let his communications be ye, ye, nay, nay, for more than these cometh of evil."

THE Glasgow Times pokes fun at 'em thus: One more such a republican can expedition as that lately led by the Louisville Commercial, and our friends of that party will have to borrow seed to get in a crop of voters for next year. The officers in that unfortunate expedition have a forlornness of expression that would stir the sympathy of the red man of the forest who stands at the door of the cigar shop. We are thinking of getting up a benefit for the sorely bereft in that unfortunate affair, but the idea of bringing together such an amount of scornfulness renders it impracticable on account of the want of slippery-elm facilities.

THE new law prohibiting railroads from charging over three cents a mile went into effect in Texas, on the 5th, to the disgust of the railroads, which have not only increased freights but ordered full fare to be collected from all children not actually at the breast. They say that it will be impossible for them to run at the new rate, but the experience of the roads in Kentucky is that the difference is more than made up in the increase of travel and they actually make more at the present rate than the old.

THE devil seems to have gotten into the children of this State, for in addition to the tragedy here we read that at Horse Cave, Rettta and Hayes, two children of Henry Butler, aged respectively eight and six years, were eating apples, when Hayes dropped his apple, Rettta picked it up, and thus greatly incensed him that he at once attacked her savagely with a barlow knife, cutting her so severely that she died very soon.

In a recent speech Susan Cox said that "the internal revenue system is used to control the freedom of elections, and is a part of that mercenary and terroristic system which should have been destroyed by legislation but ordered full fare to be collected from all children not actually at the breast. They say that it will be impossible for them to run at the new rate, but the experience of the roads in Kentucky is that the difference is more than made up in the increase of travel and they actually make more at the present rate than the old.

—Major John Catherwood planted a

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—Senator Beck has gone to Minnesota and Montana.

—An Elizabethton county farmer took 675 pounds of honey from ten colonies of bees this season.

—A fire at Louisville, Ky., Tuesday, damaged the Linden Flour Mills to the amount of \$30,000.

—Governor Kellogg has declined to accept the nomination for Congress in the 3rd Louisiana District.

—The receipts at the treasury average a million and a half daily, the largest ever known in the department.

—Gov. F. Clay will no doubt be the democratic nominee in the 2nd District, since McKenzie is off the track.

—Jim Sommers, a brakeman on the Kentucky Central, was instantly killed while coupling cars near Paris.

—Egyptians have cut the fresh-water canal near Ismailia, but the supply of water will suffice for some time.

—The dragoons will have an excursion to Niagara Falls to attend the American Dragoon's Convention, September 12 to 15.

—It is reported that a company with a cash capital of \$15,000 has been organized in Lexington, to start a prohibition paper in that city.

—The first bale of new cotton was received at Vicksburg, Wednesday, and was classed as low middling, and sold at 25 cents per pound.

—A dispute from Brownsville, Texas dated 23d, reports 55 new cases of yellow fever and two deaths. At Mariana were 11 deaths and a number of new cases.

—The Western Union Telegraph Company now has 327,000 miles of wire and 10,737 offices. Ninety-five per cent. of their wire is strung along the railways of the United States.

—Howard Underwood, who killed Belle Lucas, his mistress, at Charlestown, Mo., a year ago, has been convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to be hanged September 29.

—Professor G. Brown, a school-teacher of El Paso, Texas, who had whipped the son of a man named Bodie, was met on the street by the father and brother of the boy, and stabbled to death.

—Major John Catherwood planted a grain of corn in his back yard on the 25th day of May. In four days it came up, and in 74 days thereafter grew to the height of 15 feet and one inch.

—The Delaware democrats held their State Convention on Tuesday. Charles C. Stockley was nominated for Governor on the first ballot. Charles B. Lore was nominated for Congress by acclamation.

—In Boone County, Iowa, a few nights ago, the enraged citizens put a rope around the neck of a man named Delane and drag him to jail for receiving subscription to a magazine and then failing to send the book.

—The process of articulating Guinean's skeleton is nearly completed at the Army and Medical Museum. It is doubtful whether the bone will make a first-class skeleton. Many were found to be porous, requiring great care to mount.

—The Panhandle coal miners lost \$250,000 in wages in their strike, which lasted four and a half months, against a reduction from four to three and one-half cents per bushel for mining. They have gone to work at the reduced rates at last.

—The long strike of the miners ended in the defeat of the men. Work was resumed in many of the mines. In the Cumberland region the Knights of Labor were strong enough to deter the men from going to work until they had voted the strike at an end.

—A horrible plot to massacre the white people of Choctaw county, Alabama, has just been discovered. The ringleaders have been arrested, one of them hanged, and the white people are so prepared that it will now be impossible for the negroes to carry out their plans.

—The press is authorized by the Fair Association to say that an immense auction of bachelor will take place at the Floral Hall, Fair Grounds, Lexington, beginning at 2:30 p. m., Thursday, September 1st. The animals will exhibit their gait, trotting, running and fancy, on a sawdust track prepared in the hall.

—On August 31, 1865, the national debt was \$78,25 per capita of our population. It is now \$31,72 per capita. The annual interest charged on the national debt in 1865 was \$1,29 per capita. It is now \$1,09 per capita. This goes to show the wonderful prosperity and resources of our country.

—There are confined in the Kentucky Penitentiary 28 convicts for life, six being women; thirty-six from twenty to thirty years; twenty-two from fifteen to twenty years; sixty-one from ten to fifteen years; nine-seven from five to ten years; twenty-six from four to five years; forty-four from three to four years; nine seven to two or three years; sixty-six from one to two years.

—The Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific R. R. has offered a purse of \$100 for the fastest reading mare running at the Lexington Fair. The entries now are quite large, and competition promises to be lively in the extreme. The judges to be selected for the occasion, will be the President of the St. Louis Fair, Indiana State Fair, and of the Associations at Sharpsburg, Marcellus, Bourbon and Flemont.

—A Chicago dispatch says: The picnic at Ogden's Grove to-day for the purpose of raising funds to build a monument to the memory of John Brown, was a disgraceful failure so far as raising money is concerned. About 300 persons were present, and the expenses practically consume the receipts.

—Tuts Congressional district gave Hancock 941 majority. Henry carried it by 2,569 and Phil Thompson will see that and go 500 better. Poor Billy Bradley his doom is fixed.

—The Kentucky news column of the Louisville Commercial is run by a man who knows his business and does it.

It is one of the many good features of that very excellent paper.

—Fifteen thousand men and five thousand horses have been sent to Egypt from England, and about ten thousand men from India. Wobsey will probably be able to muster for the march on Cairo, about fifteen thousand infantry and five thousand cavalry.

Court of Appeals and Superior Court.

The fall term of this court will convene September 4th, and according to the docket just published has 250 cases for disposal.

Those from this district are set for the 13th day, September 30th, and are as follows:

Bruce's adm'r vs Cin. R. R. Co., Palatka, Staten, by, &c., vs Bryant, &c., Casey.

Cook's ex'r vs McRobert, adm'r, Lincoln.

Givens' adm'r vs Shouse, &c., Lincoln.

Burdett, receiver, vs Caldwell, Lincoln.

Bradley vs Nelson, &c., Larard.

The following cases which are under submission, are now, by order of the Court of Appeals, transferred to the Superior Court Docket:

Brown vs Carpenter's ex'r, Lincoln. Russel vs Cincinnati R. R. Co., Lincoln.

Lees' adm'r vs Knott, Palatka.

Phillips vs Owley, Lincoln.

Clevis, by, &c., vs Lytle, &c., Lincoln.

Powell vs Troy, Boyle.

McKee vs Smith's adm'r, &c., Larard.

Linnville vs Roberts, Rockcastle.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

General proposals will be received by the Director of the Standard & Poor's Publishing Co., until noon August 26, 1882, for the construction of the proposed Turnpike road from near Stanford in Kentucky to the Ohio River, a distance of one mile or less, according to specifications of Engineer D. T. Wallace, which may be obtained at the office of the Director of the Standard. The contractor will be required to begin work, in good faith, by September 1, 1882, and to complete the work in 1883, and to give security for performance of contract. The Company reserves right to reject any or all bids.

J. J. NEWLAND,
Stanford, Aug. 17, 1882
President.

PROFESSIONAL.

V. W. VARNON, WALLACE L. VARNON,
T. W. & W. E. VARNON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
STANFORD, KY.

Office in Owley & Son's new building up stairs.

H. C. KAUFFMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LANCASTER, KY.

Master Commissioner and County Attorney. Will practice in all the Courts of Law and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

THOMAS P. HILL, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STANFORD, KY.

Will practice in all the Courts of Law and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

ALEX. ANDERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
DANVILLE, KY.

Will practice in the Courts of Roane and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

MATTHEW PEYTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND TAXAMER FOR ROBERT COUNTY,
LIBERTY, KY.

Will practice in all the Courts of Case and adjoining counties, and in the Court of Appeals.

J. D. PLACE, KENTUCKY.

Office over Hobl. S. Lytle's store. Office hours from 3 to 5 1/2 and 7 to 9 P. M.

J. J. WILSON,
DENTIST.

STANF

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

STANFORD, KY.

Friday Morning. — August 25, 1882

L. & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.

Passenger trains North..... 9 10 a. m.
" South..... 2 30 p. m.

LOCAL NOTICES.

BUY PAINTS of Penny & McAlister.

ELEVEN POUNDS Sugar for \$1 at McAlister & Bright.

Fine oil paintings just received at McRoberts & Stagg's.

SALT, Lime and Cement constantly on hand at A. Owlesley's.

NEW stock of Jewelry and Silverware at Penny & McAlister's.

Beautiful lines of latest box stationery, at McRoberts & Stagg's.

FRUIT JARS in any style and at your price at McAlister & Bright.

CIDER MILLS, Sorghum Mills and evaporators for sale by A. Owlesley.

LOVERS of Good Tea will find the best in the city at Penny & McAlister's.

WATCHES, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted by Penny & McAlister.

FALL lot of Zeigler's Shoes just received and for sale at J. H. & S. H. Shanks.

WANTING—Country bacon, highest market price in cash paid. McAlister & Bright.

PURE ALDEN FRUIT VINEGAR, best in the world, for sale by McAlister & Bright.

You will find the best 5-cent and 2-for-5-cent cigar in town at Penny & McAlister's.

FOR the purest and freshest candies and best fruits, tropical and home grown, always go to McAlister & Bright's.

PERSONAL.

MISS ELIZA OWLESLEY has returned from a visit to Lexington.

MRS. ELLA NELSON, of Nicholasville, is visiting Miss Eva Smiley.

Mrs. J. OWLESLEY DUNN, of Richmond, is visiting her sisters here.

MRS. HATTIE BIRD, of McKinney, is with the Misses Thurmond.

MRS. JAS. L. FORD, of St. Louis, is visiting Mrs. W. W. Bowman.

Mrs. A. A. MCKINNEY has returned from several week's visit to Uriah Orchard.

Mrs. J. L. DAWSON and wife left Tues day to visit their son at Ash Grove, Mo.

JUDGE J. S. KENDRICK, of Somerset, is with his daughter, Mrs. J. W. Alcorn.

REV. J. C. GOLDWELL, of Cullowhee, Tenn., has joined his wife at Mrs. Logan's.

Mrs. JAMES MOONEY, of Nashville, Tenn., is visiting Mrs. Clark Engleman.

Mrs. JAS. R. HUFFMAN and children, of Lexington, are guests of Mrs. James Paxton.

MRS. ANNIE MCKINNEY is spending a few weeks at her grandmother's, Mrs. Green.

MR. J. W. JACKSON, of Texas, who is visiting his relatives at London, called to see us Tuesday.

MRS. CALLIE POOL and Minnie Surber, of Bradfordville, are the guests of the Misses Dixieville.

MRS. MAGGIE CROW has returned from an excursion to Old Point, Va., Washington, and other points.

MRS. T. J. HORNI, of Beechland, Washington county, spent several days visiting in this vicinity this week.

Rev. Jno. Sallie and family returned home yesterday after a visit to his father-in-law, Mr. W. M. Fair.

MRS. MATTHEW CHENAUET, of Louisville, who has been visiting Miss Mamie Chenauet, returned home yesterday.

CHIEF CLERK JOHN A. FLEET, Esq., was here Wednesday. He says there are still 140 guests at Crab Orchard Springs.

MRS. MARY OWLESLEY, of Stanford, attended the grand ball of the Shelbyville Hop Association, and wore brocaded satin.

MISSES ANNIE BUCHANAN, of Crab Orchard, and Bell Doty, of Garrard, who has been visiting here, were here yesterday.

MR. JAS. H. OWENS, who has been in Michigan and Minnesota in the interest of the McCormick machines, is back home for a few weeks.

MR. JAMES M. CARPENTER and wife, of St. Louis, are visiting Mrs. E. M. Carpenter and other relatives. It has been twenty-five years since Mr. C. was here before.

Mr. J. B. S. FISHBECK and wife were called from Monticello Tuesday, by a telegram announcing that their daughter, Mrs. Eduston, was rapidly sinking, but on their arrival were overjoyed to find that she was better.

OUR OLDFRIEND, JUDGE J. R. DENNIS, has opened a large carriage establishment at Lexington, and is prepared to sell anything that runs on wheels, either at retail or wholesale. We are glad to hear that he is prospering in his new location.

LOCAL MATTERS.

DR. KLAAS has just received a fine line of fine towels.

FOR RENT.—The Jas. N. Davis store, house, till January 1st. Apply to R. E. Barlow.

THE YOUNG LADIES who have been rustling in the mountains have returned. It is said that several of them liked to have run wild.

THERE will be another excursion train to Junction City Sunday, to pass here at the same hour as before. More cars and less crowding are promised.

ELIAS WEBB, who claims this country as his home, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary, at his trial in Lebanon, a few days ago, for highway robbery.

I AM SELLING Laurel County Coal, and my friends and everybody else, will get to their interest to see me before buying their winter supplies. T. D. Newland.

STRAYED.—A red-roan milk cow, from the undersigned at Junction City, on Aug. 15. She is ten years old, will weigh about 1,100 pounds. A satisfactory reward will be given for her delivery. G. B. Waters.

THE REMAINS of Jefferson Jones, who died ten years ago of pneumonia, were removed from the farm of his late son, Lewis R. Jones, Tuesday and re-interred in the Buffalo Cemetery. The box was nearly entirely decayed but the coffin was in a good state of preservation.

NEW FALL CALICOES at Robert S. Lytle's.

Just received a new line of buggy and wagon harness. W. T. Green.

THE SERIOUSNESS here put Judge Hailey's hip in a plaster of Paris bandage, and he is getting along reasonably well.

LADIES, call and examine the light running New Home Sewing Machine, the best in the world, for sale at Chenault, Bever-
stone & Co's.

WATERMELONS are just beginning to come in liberally and sell at five to fifty cents. The season is later than usual for them.

LATE NEWS.—All accounts due Hale & Nunnelley not settled by September 15th, will be placed in the hands of an officer, A. T. Nunnelley.

WHEN you go to Lexington, don't fail to call on J. B. Dennis & Co, 19 Limehouse street, Lexington, Ky.

BARRER.—T. L. Taylor a first-class barber, has charge of the St. Asaph shop and is prepared to wait on gentle-
men in the least of style. Call on him.

SHERIFF J. N. MENEFEE finds tax collecting a slow business and therefore pub-
lishes a notice in this issue warning the
people of the wrath to come, and if you are
wise, you will read and note.

LAWRENCE COAL CO., composed of Lincoln
county men, J. W. McAlister, Pres., Geo-
rge, Vice-Pres., and W. S. Hooker,
Secy., is now mining and shipping coal.

The coal is of very superior quality, and
for grate purposes, better than Pittsburgh
coal. T. T. Hawkes and A. T. Nunnelley
are its agents for Lincoln county.

THE CORRESPONDING committee has re-
ceived a letter from Judge James Garrett
and Hon. M. H. Rhorer of Adair, in which
they say of the Cumberland R. R.: The
time from now to the 26th is so short that
we cannot have a meeting of our citizens,
but we have seen and consulted a number
of our people, and we feel that we are
justified in saying that this county will
secure and donate the night of way. Our
people are very much interested in the suc-
cess of the road, and will give all the as-
sistance they can.

MARRIAGES.

JULY 10.—Jos. Ballou united in marriage
Wednesday, Mr. Thomas E. Clelland and
Miss Sallie, daughter of Capt. James Co-
zatt, of Parkville.

DUNNS.—McROBBERTS.—The marriage
of Mr. James Dunn, of Garrard, to Miss
Manie McRoberts, daughter of John M.
McRoberts, Jr., was solemnized by Eld. Jos.
Ballou, at 3:30 Wednesday afternoon, in
the presence of a limited number of friends
and relatives. The bride was very becomingly
attired and looked more than usually
bright and pretty. Immediately after the
ceremony and amid hearty congratulations,
the young party left for the home of Mrs.
Moore, in Garrard, where a reception was
given them that night.

RELIGIOUS.

—Last Sunday's Indianapolis Sentinel
contained five or six columns about Mr.
Barney and his meetings; all of them com-
plimentary.

—The Rev. Bristoe has written Rev. J. S.
Sims that he can not assist in the protracted
meeting which was to have commenced
hers to day. The meeting has therefore
been indefinitely postponed. Mr. Sims will
preach as usual Sunday.

—Some of the too-too-truly-good steward-
arts of the Meridian Street Methodist
Church, Indianapolis, which is being used
by Rev. George O. Barnes, became dis-
pleased with his method of preaching and
decided to decline the further use of the
church to him, but when they found that Eld.
David Walk had offered the free use of his
chapel whenever the Methodist closed
their doors against him, they got ashamed
of themselves and abandoned the foolish
attempt.

LAND STOCK AND CROP.

—John White sold to C. G. Ware 22-
year-old 80 pound belters at \$1 cents.

—McAlister & Salter bought 15, bogs
from John Smith, weighing 167 lbs. at 7
cents.

—For SALE—I desire to sell my hay
pres. and 75 tons of hay. Terms easy
F. D. Albright.

—Mrs. M. E. Helm sold a suckling mule
colt to Sam Baughman for \$110. A re-
markably fine one.

—It has been demonstrated by practical
farmers in Hardin county, that sheep-
raising pays 100 per cent. annually.

—A part of the old Boner tract of land
near Camp Dick Robinson, Tyrone, was
sold this week to Mr. Hudson at \$100 per
acre.

—Mr. C. D. Chenault sold 150 acres of
his farm, recently belonging to the W. J.
Walker estate, to Dr. Thomas S. Moberly
for \$100 per acre. The farm is partly in
the town limits.—Richmond Herald.

—A statement is going, the rounds that
James Guest of Pulaski, is a half owner of
Harry Gilmore, the horse that won the
\$6,500 omnibus race at Monmouth Park, a
short time since. The gentleman referred to
is Jas. W. Guest, of Bay.

—Mr. W. Alford has returned from Ten-
nessee with a car load of mare mules, for
which he paid from \$140 to \$200 per head.
He thinks he has the best lot he ever owned.
He also has a car of 900 lb. steers,
good shippers, for which he paid from \$1
to 4 cents.

—Wakefield, Farris & Allen sold to Thom-
as E. Wood 40 extra yearling cattle, weigh-
ing 825 lbs. at 5 cents. Wakefield, Farris &
Allen sold to Seropan, Hudson & Co., of
Louisville 22 broke mules, 14 hands, 3
inches high, at \$120 per head. P. T. Geary
sold to Seropan, Hudson & Co., of
Louisville, 17 aged broke mules at \$185
per head.—Danville Advocate.

—A stock butcher cattle are in demand in
Cincinnati; other grades are quiet. Com-
mon is quoted at \$2.50 to \$3.25; good to
choice butcher, \$4.50 to \$5.25; common to
choice shippers, \$1.75 to \$2.75; steers, \$0.75
to \$5. Hogs are steady at \$3.25 to \$4. Sheep
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